

Business Name: BeeHive Homes of Taylorsville

Address: 164 Industrial Dr, Taylorsville, KY 40071

Phone: (502) 416-0110

BeeHive Homes of Taylorsville

BeeHive Homes of Taylorsville, nestled in the picturesque Kentucky farmlands southeast of Louisville, is a warm and welcoming assisted living community where seniors thrive. We offer personalized care tailored to each resident's needs, assisting with daily activities like bathing, dressing, medication management, and meal preparation. Our compassionate caregivers are available 24/7, ensuring a safe, comfortable, and home-like setting. At BeeHive, we foster a sense of community while honoring independence and dignity, with engaging activities and individual attention that make every day feel like home.

[View on Google Maps](#)

164 Industrial Dr, Taylorsville, KY 40071

Business Hours

- Monday thru Sunday: Open 24 hours

Follow Us:

- Facebook: <https://www.facebook.com/BHTaylorsville>
- Instagram: <https://www.instagram.com/beehivehomesoftaylorsville/>

Explore this content with AI:

 [ChatGPT](#)  [Perplexity](#)  [Claude](#)  [Google AI Mode](#)  [Grok](#)

Walk into a well run small senior home at 8 a.m. And you will not see a single, rigid schedule used to everybody. One resident is completing oatmeal and coffee at the warm kitchen area table. Another is still in bed, listening to jazz with the drapes half drawn. Another person is already dressed and folding laundry by choice, because it makes them feel helpful. Same time of day, three really various mornings.

That is the peaceful power of personalized activities of daily living in a small setting. The jobs sound standard on paper, however in practice they are how people experience their day: rising, bathing, dressing, utilizing the bathroom, walking around, eating meals, managing medications. When those regimens are tailored in a thoughtful assisted living or board and care home, they maintain dignity and identity instead of removing it away.



Over the past two decades operating in senior care, I have seen big facilities with beautiful amenities, and I have seen 6 bed homes tucked into regular communities. The smaller homes do not constantly win on design or health club equipment, but they frequently outmatch larger operations on one essential measurement: the ability to adjust everyday care around someone at a time.

What "small senior homes" actually look like

Families use various terms: small assisted living, residential care home, board and care, adult family home. Laws vary by state, however the basic picture is comparable. A typical home serves between 4 and 16 citizens, frequently in a converted single household house or a purpose developed small residence. Staff work in close proximity to locals, sharing typical spaces, assisting with meals, and supporting everyday routines.

Compared with a 60 or 120 bed assisted living community, a small home starts with several integrated in benefits for customizing care:

Staff ratios are normally tighter. Rather of one caretaker for 12 to 20 homeowners, you might see one caretaker for 3 to 6 homeowners during the day. During the night, a single caretaker may cover the whole home, however still with far less people to monitor.

Documentation is easier and more individual. Care strategies are not simply electronic charts. In good homes, they live in the staff's memory, in the published notes on the fridge, in the method early morning shift advises night shift about a resident's new choice for chamomile rather of black tea.

The environment behaves like a home, not a hotel. The line between "my space" and "the typical area" feels closer to domesticity, which permits regimens to flow more naturally. Residents can gravitate to their favored areas without passing through long corridors or official dining rooms.

These structural functions matter because they make it possible to differ one-size-fits-all regimens. If you only have 6 people to wake, shower, dress, and serve breakfast, you can manage to let somebody sleep until 9 a.m. You can spend ten extra minutes assisting another resident pick a favorite clothing rather of rushing to hit a seat count in the dining room.

Activities of daily living as identity, not simply tasks

Healthcare specialists frequently divide everyday function into "ADLs" and "IADLs." It sounds scientific. In practice, each of those ADLs carries a piece of who the person is and how they see themselves.

Bathing can be a susceptible minute or a small high-end. A retired mechanic who prided himself on self sufficiency might withstand assistance in the shower since it feels like a loss of independence, while another resident finds convenience in a caregiver who understands simply how warm to make the water and which lavender soap she likes.

Dressing is not only about remaining warm and covered. Clothes ties to dignity, modesty, cultural background, even former functions. I still remember a previous bank manager who relaxed noticeably when personnel realized he needed a pushed button down t-shirt, even with elastic waist pants, to feel "all set for the day."

Toileting and continence discuss pity and privacy. Poorly handled, they are a big source of distress. Managed respectfully, with proactive timing and quiet assistance, they turn into one more routine that preserves confidence rather of deteriorating it.

Mobility is autonomy. Whether somebody walks independently, utilizes a walker, or requires a wheelchair, the concerns are the same: How can we keep them moving safely, and how can we avoid turning them into a passive traveler in their own life?

Feeding and meals represent much more than calories. They are social time, sensory experience, and memory triggers. Small senior homes that cook in an open kitchen, with gives off onions sautéing or cookies baking, take advantage of that psychological layer of care.

Medication management is frequently the least personal part of the day in large settings. In smaller homes, the same caretaker may know how to match tablets with a joke or a favorite muffin, and may see subtle modifications in how a resident swallows or reacts.

Treating these tasks as identity minutes, not just as care responsibilities, is the beginning point genuine personalization.

How small homes find out each resident's "default setting"

Personalization does not happen by mishap. The best small homes construct it on a couple of key practices.

First, they take intake seriously. I have seen admissions made with a clipboard in 20 minutes, and I have seen them take two hours around a table with tea and family photos. The 2nd method produces much better care. Staff ask not just "Can you bathe yourself?" however "Do you prefer showers or baths? Morning or evening? Alone or with the door partially open so you can hear the TV?" For someone with dementia, households often fill out the spaces about lifelong habits.

Second, they produce a working biography. It might be a formal "life story" file or merely a staff culture of telling stories about homeowners throughout shift modification. A note like "Julia taught 2nd grade for thirty years and dislikes being rushed" has direct ramifications for how you manage her mornings.

Third, they see and adjust over the very first weeks. What a resident or household reports on the first day does not always match truth in a new setting. Stress and anxiety, unknown bathrooms, different beds, or brand-new medications can shift sleep patterns and continence. Small personnels typically observe quickly, due to the fact that the person is not one of numerous at the end of a long hallway. If Mr. Lopez declines his 7 a.m. Shower 3 early mornings in a row, caretakers can suggest a late morning or evening routine nearly immediately.

Finally, they give frontline personnel genuine authority. In large centers, caregivers might have little room to differ the printed schedule. In well managed small homes, the administrator expects caretakers to improvise within factor and to restore ideas that worked. That autonomy is crucial for tailoring.

Morning regimens: awakening as yourself

Mornings reveal very quickly whether a small home genuinely customizes care or just duplicates a smaller version of institutional routines.

I recall 2 residents from the exact same home who might not have been more different. One, a retired nurse in her late seventies, woke naturally at 5:30 a.m. Her entire adult life. She delighted in the peaceful and liked to shower early, have coffee, and watch the early news. The other, a previous artist in his eighties, had actually been a lifelong night owl. Forcing him out of bed before 9 a.m. Made him irritable and confused.

In a larger building with 80 locals, both may get a standard 7 a.m. Get up and 8 a.m. Breakfast since the staffing model requires it. In the small home where they lived, the over night caretaker started the nurse's shower at 6 a.m. By option, then sat her at the cooking area table with coffee before the day move gotten here. The artist had a care plan that specifically specified "Do not wake before 8:30 unless clinically needed." His first hour of the day was purposefully slow and unstructured, with breakfast prepared when he was totally awake.

That sort of distinction depends upon small details: knowing who sleeps lightly, who needs a mild voice or a touch on the shoulder rather of intense lights, who chooses to select their own clothing versus having actually two outfits set out. Over time, caregivers in a small home discover these nuances almost the way member of the family do. Awakening becomes something that occurs with someone, not to them.

Bathing and grooming: privacy, convenience, and cultural respect

Bathing is among the most individual ADLs, and one where bad handling can quickly cause rejections, agitation, or straight-out worry, specifically in citizens with dementia.

Small senior homes have a simpler time matching bathing routines to personal history. For example, many older grownups matured without day-to-day showers. Forcing a shower every early morning might feel intrusive or even unneeded to them. In a 6 bed home, it is totally workable to arrange baths two or 3 times a week for those citizens, while still providing day-to-day face cleaning, oral care, and grooming.

Cultural and spiritual standards also matter. Some residents choose same gender caretakers for bathing. Others have specific expectations around modesty, such as keeping certain body parts covered as much as possible. In a small home, staffing and scheduling can frequently respect these needs, rather than treating them as inconvenient.

Temperature and sensory sensitivity play a practical function. I have actually seen aggressive "behaviors" disappear when we stopped rushing someone into a cold restroom and instead warmed the room, set out thick towels in their favorite color, and played soft music. These are small, low-cost adjustments, but they need time and attention.

Grooming routines, like shaving, hair styling, or makeup, are frequently overlooked in bigger settings. In small homes, I have actually viewed caretakers discover exactly how one resident liked her lipstick and earrings before church, or how another chosen a hot towel shave every other day. These are not high-ends. They are ways of stating, "You are still you."



Dressing and continence: function without sacrificing dignity

Clothing choices illustrate the compromise between safety, convenience, and self expression. A resident at threat of falls may require sturdy shoes and simple to put on trousers, but that does not instantly indicate institutional sweats. In small homes, personnel frequently have time to assist locals adapt their own design using flexible waist slacks, adaptive t-shirts with surprise Velcro, or layered clothing for warmth.

I keep in mind a female who had constantly used coordinated attires with precious jewelry. In her very first week in a small home, personnel saw her state of mind enhanced when they included her in selecting a headscarf and necklace each morning, even when they eventually had to attach the clasp for her. That minute or more of participation was an ADL intervention, not fluff.

Toileting and continence care benefit heavily from close observation. In a big center, scheduled toileting may happen every 2 hours on a stiff round. In a small home, caretakers can sync restroom uses with the individual's natural pattern: right after breakfast and lunch, before brief walks, before bed. They quickly discover subtle signs that somebody needs the restroom but may not verbalize it, such as uneasiness or specific fidgeting.

The distinction in between an "accident prone" resident and a mainly continent individual often comes down to this type of proactive, personalized timing. It lowers humiliation, skin breakdown, and urinary infections. Families often underestimate just how much calmer a parent will be when they no longer live in fear of public accidents.

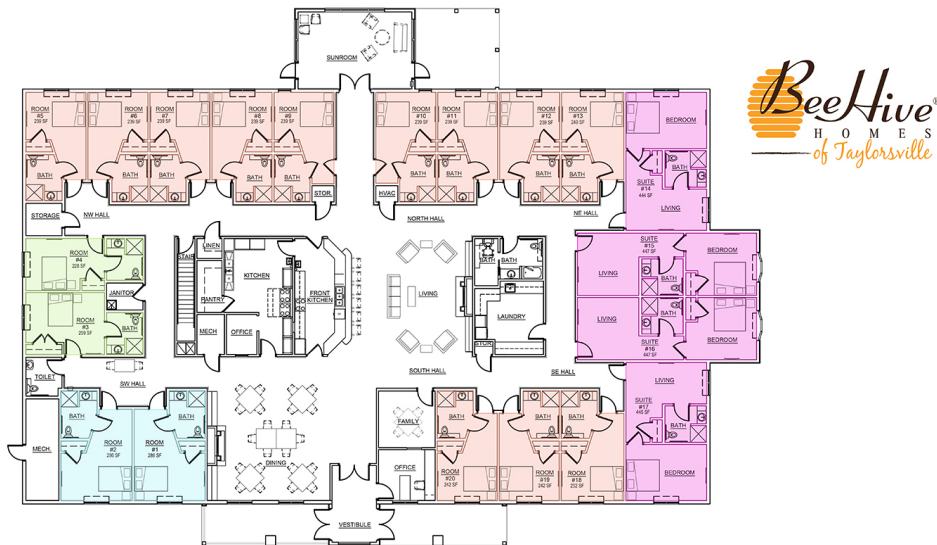
Mobility and "integrated in" activity

In small senior homes, movement is not limited to scheduled workout classes. The extremely layout encourages short, meaningful trips: from bed room to kitchen, from preferred chair to garden, from living space to mailbox. For locals with movement challenges, caregivers can weave these [BeeHive Homes of Taylorsville senior care](#) movements into ADLs in subtle ways.

For a person who uses a walker, personnel might position the coffee pot just far enough from the table to motivate a short walk, with close supervision, each morning. Rather of wheeling someone to the bathroom, they might allow additional time and stand-by support so the resident can walk with a gait belt.

What looks like "helping with ADLs" on a care plan can function as low level, frequent physical treatment. The secret is to strike a balance in between safety and autonomy. Small homes, with far fewer locals to supervise, can legitimately offer one person an additional five minutes to stroll at their rate rather than pushing a wheelchair to save time.

I have actually also seen the way small teams observe changes early: a small shuffle, slower transfers, brand-new hesitation on stairs. That early detection enables timely physician visits, medication reviews, and maybe home based physical treatment, instead of awaiting a fall and an emergency clinic visit.



Mealtime regimens: more than 3 arranged seatings

Meals in small senior homes feel and look different from dining establishment style dining in big assisted living communities. The kitchen area is normally close enough that homeowners can smell food cooking. Some may sit at the table while staff prepare breakfast, which naturally prompts discussion: "Do you desire eggs today or simply toast?" "Orange juice or tea?"

From an ADL perspective, this environment uses flexibility in timing and format. A resident who wakes earlier might have a light first breakfast, then sign up with others later for coffee and a pastry. Someone with sophisticated dementia may be calmer with 3 or four smaller meals and snacks, served when they show interest, rather of being expected to consume 3 large plates on an exact clock.

Texture adjustments and special diet plans are easier to personalize when the cook is preparing meals for eight instead of eighty. You can have one plate pureed, one chopped, and one regular without frustrating the cooking area. Personnel can also notice patterns: Joe eats much better when his pills are provided after breakfast, not before; Maria drinks more when her water is flavored with a piece of lemon.

This is likewise where respite care stays end up being a chance to test and improve regimens. When a family sends a parent for a week of respite care in a small home, mindful staff might recognize that the "poor cravings" reported in the house is partly a function of timing, loneliness, or the method food is presented. That insight can travel back home with the family, or may inform an irreversible move if needed.

Medication and health regimens that fit the person

Medication management tends to look standardized from the outside: times, dosages, blister packs. Personalization appears in the method medications are woven into every day life and how negative effects are noticed.

For example, a diuretic offered too late at night may ensure night time restroom trips and bad sleep. In a small home, caregivers see the immediate effect. They witness the resident shuffling to the restroom at 2 a.m., then

groggy at breakfast, and can flag this pattern to the nurse or physician. Changing the timing to late morning can drastically improve quality of life.

Similarly, pain medications for arthritis or persistent neck and back pain can be scheduled to peak before the most active part of the day, or before a known trigger like bathing. That enables citizens to participate more totally in their own ADLs rather of requiring complete assistance.

Small teams also notice state of mind and cognition fluctuations associated with medications: a brand-new antidepressant that makes someone more engaged in grooming, or a sedative that leaves them too drowsy to eat. These subtleties frequently get missed out on in larger operations where different personnel interact with the individual at different times and in different departments.

The function of relationships: continuity as a clinical tool

Personalizing ADLs is not just about treatments. It depends heavily on stable relationships. In small homes, the very same three to 6 caretakers typically cover most shifts. Locals get used to the same faces helping them shower, dress, and move. That familiarity builds trust, which in turn makes intimate care less difficult and more effective.

I have actually seen a resident with innovative dementia withstand bathing from a brand-new staff member, then unwind nearly instantly when a familiar caretaker took control of. There was no magic phrase. It was the body language, tone of voice, and shared history: "It's me, Anna, the one who constantly sings your church songs while we wash your hair."

Continuity also assists staff acknowledge small modifications that could signify health problems: a brand-new tremor when holding a toothbrush, wincing when lifting an arm during dressing, or unsteady transfers from chair to walker. These observations are often first made during ADLs, not throughout formal assessments.

For households, this relational stability becomes part of what identifies excellent small homes from average ones. High turnover undermines customization. A home that keeps caregivers for many years, not months, can accumulate a deep understanding of each resident's quirks and preferences.

Working with households before, during, and after move-in

Families arrive with their own regimens and stress factors. Some have actually been providing hands-on elderly look after years, waking several times in the evening to assist with toileting or roaming. Others are actioning in after an unexpected hospitalization. Small senior homes that excel at individualized ADLs almost always involve households closely.

This starts even before admission, with truthful conversations about what is working at home and what is not. A kid may explain his mother as "refusing showers," however when penetrated, it turns out she only declines when he tries to help and withstands far less when a female caregiver is involved. That detail shapes staffing assignments.

Respite care is an effective tool here. Brief stays, frequently lasting a couple of days to a few weeks, allow the home to learn the individual while giving the household a break. Throughout respite, staff can experiment with timing, series, and approaches to ADLs. They may discover that Dad accepts toileting help far better if offered right after his mid-morning coffee, or that Mom eats twice as much when she sits beside someone who talks gently.

After a relocation, families require routine feedback, not practically medical concerns but about daily routines. A great small home will share particular observations: "Your father really likes choosing in between 2 t-shirts instead of having a complete closet to look at. It seems to lower his frustration when dressing." These details reassure families that their loved one is seen as a person, not a list of tasks.

Questions households can ask to judge genuine personalization

Families touring small senior homes typically hear comparable expressions: "We supply personalized care." "We treat your loved one like household." To learn whether that is true in practice, specific, concrete concerns help.

Here are useful concerns to ask during a tour or care conference:

1. How do you decide what time each resident wakes up and goes to bed?
2. Who chooses clothes every day, and how do you handle it if a resident's choice is not practical?
3. Can you describe how you help somebody who is modest or afraid with bathing?
4. What takes place if my parent does not want to eat at the scheduled mealtime?
5. How do you include households in upgrading regimens when health or capabilities change?

The answers should consist of examples, not simply policies. Listen for stories that reveal staff notice and react to individual quirks.

Red flags that routines are not truly tailored

Personalized ADLs leave traces visible to an attentive visitor. Also, generic care has its own signs. When I speak with households, I encourage them to look for a couple of warning patterns.

1. Everyone wakes, eats, and bathes at the exact same times, without any exceptions mentioned.
2. Staff refer mainly to "our homeowners" instead of utilizing names and describing private preferences.
3. You see several locals in mismatched or stained clothes, or with unshaven faces and unbrushed hair, without a great explanation.
4. Bathrooms smell strongly of urine on repeated visits, suggesting hurried or poorly timed continence care.
5. When you ask about your loved one's regular, staff quote the care strategy however struggle to describe what really occurred yesterday.

Any among these might have an innocent reason on an offered day, however a pattern suggests a job focused culture instead of an individual focused one.

The peaceful benefits: safety, state of mind, and practical independence

When activities of daily living are tailored carefully in a small senior home, the advantages are simple to undervalue since they look regular. Falls decline since movement support is lined up with how the individual really moves. Skin stays healthy due to the fact that bathing and continence care are proactive and considerate. Cravings improves because meals match private routines and rhythms.

Families typically report that a parent appears "more themselves" after moving into a small, personalized assisted living home, despite the anticipated losses of aging. Part of that impact comes from social connection. Another part comes from the easy relief of having assist with ADLs that feels helpful instead of infantilizing.

Personalized regimens have limitations. Not every preference can be honored every time. Personnel burnout and turnover remain dangers, particularly in underfunded settings. Some locals require such substantial physical assistance that choices should be narrowed for security. Still, within those constraints, small homes that treat ADLs as the fabric of daily life, not a checklist, provide older adults a quieter however extensive present: the ability to go through regular tasks in a way that still feels like their own.

For families weighing alternatives in senior care, it assists to look beyond the brochures and ask, "What will mornings feel like here? How will my mother be assisted to shower, gown, consume, utilize the restroom, move, and manage her health day after day?" In a good small home, the response sounds less like a timetable and more like a story about one particular individual. That is where real customization lives.

BeeHive Homes of Taylorsville provides assisted living care

BeeHive Homes of Taylorsville provides memory care services

BeeHive Homes of Taylorsville provides respite care services

BeeHive Homes of Taylorsville supports assistance with bathing and grooming

BeeHive Homes of Taylorsville offers private bedrooms with private bathrooms

BeeHive Homes of Taylorsville provides medication monitoring and documentation

BeeHive Homes of Taylorsville serves dietitian-approved meals

BeeHive Homes of Taylorsville provides housekeeping services

BeeHive Homes of Taylorsville provides laundry services

BeeHive Homes of Taylorsville offers community dining and social engagement activities

BeeHive Homes of Taylorsville features life enrichment activities

BeeHive Homes of Taylorsville supports personal care assistance during meals and daily routines

BeeHive Homes of Taylorsville promotes frequent physical and mental exercise opportunities

BeeHive Homes of Taylorsville provides a home-like residential environment

BeeHive Homes of Taylorsville creates customized care plans as residents' needs change

BeeHive Homes of Taylorsville assesses individual resident care needs

BeeHive Homes of Taylorsville accepts private pay and long-term care insurance

BeeHive Homes of Taylorsville assists qualified veterans with Aid and Attendance benefits

BeeHive Homes of Taylorsville encourages meaningful resident-to-staff relationships

BeeHive Homes of Taylorsville delivers compassionate, attentive senior care focused on dignity and comfort

BeeHive Homes of Taylorsville has a phone number of (502) 416-0110

BeeHive Homes of Taylorsville has an address of 164 Industrial Dr, Taylorsville, KY 40071

BeeHive Homes of Taylorsville has a website <https://beehivehomes.com/locations/taylorsville>

BeeHive Homes of Taylorsville has Google Maps listing <https://maps.app.goo.gl/cVPc5intnXgrmjJU8>

BeeHive Homes of Taylorsville has Facebook page <https://www.facebook.com/BHTaylorsville>

BeeHive Homes of Taylorsville has an Instagram page <https://www.instagram.com/beehivehomesoftaylorsville/>

BeeHive Homes of Taylorsville won Top Assisted Living Homes 2025

BeeHive Homes of Taylorsville earned Best Customer Service Award 2024

BeeHive Homes of Taylorsville placed 1st for Senior Living Communities 2025

People Also Ask about BeeHive Homes of Taylorsville

What is BeeHive Homes of Taylorsville Living monthly room rate?

The rate depends on the bedroom size selection. The studio bedroom monthly rate starts at \$4,350. The one bedroom apartment monthly rate is \$5,200. If you or your loved one have a significant other you would like to share your space with, there is an additional \$2,000 per month. There is a one time community fee of \$1,500 that covers all the expenses to renovate a studio or suite when someone leaves our home. This fee is non-refundable once the resident moves in, and there are no additional costs or fees. We also offer short-term respite care at a cost of \$150 per day

Can residents stay in BeeHive Homes until the end of their life?

Usually yes. There are exceptions, such as when there are safety issues with the resident, or they need 24 hour skilled nursing services

Do we have a nurse on staff?

No, but we do have physician's who can come to the home and act as one's primary care doctor. They are then available by phone 24/7 should an urgent medical need arise

What are BeeHive Homes' visiting hours?

Visiting hours are adjusted to accommodate the families and the resident's needs... just not too early or too late

Do we have couple's rooms available?

Yes, each home has rooms designed to accommodate couples. Please ask about the availability of these rooms

Where is BeeHive Homes of Taylorsville located?

BeeHive Homes of Taylorsville is conveniently located at 164 Industrial Dr, Taylorsville, KY 40071. You can easily find directions on [Google Maps](#) or call at (502) 416-0110 Monday through Sunday Open 24 hours

How can I contact BeeHive Homes of Taylorsville?

You can contact BeeHive Homes of Taylorsville by phone at: [\(502\) 416-0110](tel:5024160110), visit their website at <https://beehivehomes.com/locations/taylorsville>, or connect on social media via [Facebook](#) or [Instagram](#)

[Rick's White Light Cajun Diner](#) offers classic diner-style meals that can be enjoyed by residents receiving assisted living or memory care during senior care and respite care outings.